# Jefferson's Revolution





### Sit down, John!

- Review of John Adams presidency:
- Political party
- 2 important laws he passed
- Foreign affairs

name Things didn't go so well for him. TJ challenges him again in

the next election: 1800



- Federalists threaten civil war if TJ gets elected.
- Republicans said that JA wanted a new monarchy.
- Marsh, guys!

#### The winner??

- TJ gets 73 electoral votes.
- So does his running mate... Aaron Burr.
- (I feel bad for JA that he was the sitting president and didn't crack the top 2. Ouch.)
- What to do next?





#### Send it to the House

- The House voted for 6 days!
- 50 TJ wins on the 36th vote!!
- This <u>leads directly to the 12<sup>th</sup> Amendment</u>, changing the way electors vote. This is why, <u>after 1804</u>, <u>we vote for President and Vice together</u>.



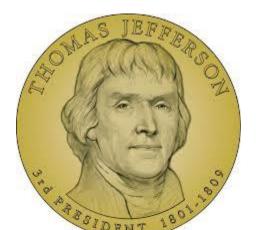
### Inauguration

- TJ likes things to be simple;
  - He walked, instead of taking a carriage.
  - Had people shake his hand, not bow.

"Let us, then, fellow-citizens, unite with one heart and one mind....Every difference of opinion is not a difference of principle....We are all Republicans; we are all Federalists."

# So, where's the Revolution?

- -Limit the federal govt power over citizens and states.
- GW and JA let the govt become too involved in economic matters.
- 50 TJ believes in <u>laissez faire</u>; the govt should NOT interfere in the economy.



#### Laissez faire in action

- >> TJ cut the # of govt workers.
- Fired all the tax collectors
- Cut the # of diplomats
- Shrunk the military
  - Army budget cut in half; soldiers from 4,000 to 2,500.
  - o Eliminated federal taxes. Most tax \$ came from the tariff.



#### Alien and Sedition over

- All those people fined under the acts were refunded.
- Make the transfer of the trans

# Didn't change everything

- Mept repaying the national debt
- Didn't fire most Federalists in office
  - Kept their jobs if they were loyal citizens, and did good work.



## Judge Marbury

- One guy who didn't get to keep his job: Judge William Marbury.
- Adams made some last minute appointments... appointing him and several other judges just before he left office.

Republicans said this was NOT fair. Said the Federalists were trying to maintain their power.

- TJ comes in to office, tells <u>Secretary of State James</u> <u>Madison to stop working on the appointments.</u>
- Judge William Marbury sues, citing the Judiciary Act of 1789; the Supreme Court has the power to review cases brought against a federal official.



- The decision was unanimous; said that the <u>Judicial Act</u> was...
- **<u>SOUNCONSTITUTIONAL.</u>**
- Judiciary power came from the Constitution, not from Congress.
- Congress did not have the right to give power to the Supreme Court.
- 50 The SC could not help Marbury with his appointment.



### Judicial Review

- The case was called *Marbury v. Madison*.
- Established judicial review: the authority of the SC to strike down unconstitutional laws.
- One of the most important powers of the SC!

